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| Week : 24Period : 70 |  **UNIT 9: NATURAL DISASTERS****Lesson 2: A closer look 1** | T : 4/3/2024 |

**A. OBJECTIVES**

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

**1. Knowledge:**

- Vocabulary:

 The lexical items related to natura disasters.

- Pronunciation:

Stress in words ending in *-al* and *-ous*

**2. Core competence:**

- Develop communication skills and creativity

- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork

- Actively join in class activities

**3. Personal qualities**

- Develop awareness of *Natural disasters.*

- Be concerned to *Natural disasters.*

**B.TEACHING AIDS**

- Grade 8 textbook, Unit 9, A closer look 1

- Computer connected to the Internet

- Projector / TV

- *hoclieu.vn*

**C. PROCEDURES**

**I. WARM-UP**

**Aims:** - To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson.

- To lead into the new lesson.

**Kim’ game:**

- Teacher asks Ss to work in 2 groups.

- Teacher shows some pictures related to Natural disasters in 2 minutes.

- Ss look at the pictures and remember (no writing)

- As soon as teacher stops showing the pictures, Ss work in groups and write the words for the pictures they have seen.

- The group with more correct words becomes the winner.

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| *Earthquake* | *tornadoVolcanoTidal waveFloodDrought* |

***Suggested answers:***

Earthquake, tornado, volcano, tidal wave/ tsunami, flood, drought.

**II. PRE-STAGE**

**Aims:** - To introduce some new words related to natural disasters.

- To present some verbs and nouns related to natural disasters.

**Vocabulary pre-teaching**

- Teacher introduces the words.

- Teacher explains the meaning of the new vocabulary, using pictures and translation.

**New words:**

1. Destroy (v) phá hủy

2. Erupt (v) phun trào

3. Predict (v) dự đoán

4. Emergency kit: bộ sơ cứu

5. Property (n) của cải

6. Rescue worker: nhân viên cứu hộ

7. Victim (n) nạn nhân

- Teacher checks students’ understanding with the “***Rub out and remember****”* technique.

- Teacher checks students’ understanding by the follow-up tasks in the student's book.

**III. DURING STAGE**

**Aims:**

- To give Ss further practice with words and phrases related to natural disasters.

**Task 1. In column B, write the noun forms of the verbs in column A. (5 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to read the verbs in column A and try to give the noun forms of these verbs.

- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs to compare their answers.

- Teacher has some Ss write their answers on the board.

- Teacher checks and confirms the correct answers.

***Answer key:***

1. whistle

2. property

3. emergency kit

4. victim

5. rescue worker

Task 2. Write a word or phrase from the box under the correct picture. (5 mins)

- Teacher asks Ss to work individually.

- Ss look at the pictures and choose suitable words/ phrases for each picture.

- Ss compare answers in pairs.

- Teacher invites some Ss to give their answers.

- Teacher confirms the correct answers.

***Answer key:***

1. whistle

2. property

3. emergency kit

4. victim

5. rescue worker

**Task 3. Fill in each blank with a word or phrase from the box. (5 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to work individually.

- Ss read all the sentences carefully to make sure they understand the sentences and fill in the blanks with the words and phrases in the box.

- Teacher lets Ss share their answers in pairs.

- Teacher invites some Ss to give the answers.

- Teacher confirms the correct answers.

***Answer key:***

1. damage

2. warning

3. emergency kit

4. predict

5. property

**IV. POST-STAGE:**

**Aim:** - To help students stress the words ending in *-al* and *-ous* correctly and read the sentences including these words with correct stress.

- to help sts distinguish and pronounce the words ending *-al* and *-ous* with correct stress

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| **Task 4: Listen and repeat the words. Pay attention to the word stress**. (6 mins) |
| - Teacher asks Ss to read out the words.- Teacher plays the recording for them to listen and repeat the words they hear. Teacher plays the recording as many times as necessary.- Teacher explains that these words have the stress on the first syllable and tells them that the endings –al and –ous do not change the stress pattern of the original words.- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs to practise saying the words.- Teacher invites some Ss to say the words aloud. |  |

**Task 5: Listen and repeat the sentences. Mark the stress in the underlined words. (5 mins)**

- Teacher has Ss read quickly the sentences.

- Teacher plays the recording for Ss to listen to the sentences.

- Teacher asks Ss to pay attention to the underlined words and put stress on the correct syllable in each word.

- Teacher invites some Ss to share their answers, teacher confirms the correct ones.

- Teacher plays the recording again for Ss to repeat the sentences.

- Teacher has Ss practice the sentences in pairs and invites some pairs to read the sentences aloud.

1. The flood victims are collecting their ‘personal property.

2. Avoid ‘dangerous places, such as windows or bookcases, during an earthquake.

3. There are ‘numerous ‘tropical storms in this area every year.

4. Some ‘natural disasters, such as landslides, usually happen in ‘mountainous areas.

5. She gave us ‘practical tips about treating ‘poisonous wastes.

**V. WRAP-UP**

Teacher asks Ss to retell the main points of the lesson.

**VI. Homework**

- Learn by heart all the words that they have just learnt.

- Do exercises in the workbook.

- Prepare for Lesson 3 - A closer look 2

**VII. FEEDBACK:**

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| Week : 24Period : 71 |  **UNIT 9: NATURAL DISASTERS****Lesson 3: A closer look 2** | T: 6/3/2024 |

**A. OBJECTIVES**

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

**1. Knowledge**

- Grammar: How to use “The past continuous”

**2. Core competence:**

- Develop communication skills and creativity

- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork

- Actively join in class activities

**3. Personal qualities**

- Develop awareness of *Natural disasters.*

- Be concerned to *Natural disasters.*

**B.TEACHING AIDS**

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**C. PROCEDURES**

**I. WARM-UP** (6 mins)

**Aims:** - To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson.

- To lead into the new lesson.

**Making sentence:**

- Teacher says one sentence about himself, using past continuous.

- Teacher invites some Ss to answer the question.

(teacher writes the question and Ss’ answers on the board. If Ss don’t use the past continuous, still accept their answers)

- Teacher underlines the form of the past continuous in the sentence, and then corrects Ss’s answers if they don’t include the past continuous in their answers.

- Teacher tells them that they are going to learn the past continuous and leads to the lesson.

For example: *I was watching TV at 8 pm yesterday. What were you doing?*

**II. PRE-STAGE**

**Aim:** To introduce the form and use of the past continuous.

**Grammar teaching: Comparative adverbs**

- Teacher draws Ss’s attention to the sentences on the board and asks “What is the form of the past continuous?”

- Teacher invites some Ss to aswer the questions, then writes their answers on the board.

- Teacher confirms the correct answer.

**- Form of the past continuous:**

Affirmative sentences: S + was/ were + V\_ing.

Negative sentences: S + was/ were not + V\_ing.

Questions: Was/ were + S + V\_ing?

**- The use of the past continuous:**

We use the past continuous to describe:

+) an action that was happening at a particular time in the past.

+) a past action that was happening when another action interrupted it. We use the past simple for the action that interrupted it.

Notes:

+) We can use when or while before the past continuous.

+) We can only use when before the past simple.

**III. DURING-STAGE**

**Aim:** - To help Ss practice the form of the past continuous.

- To help Ss distinguish the past simple and the past contiuous.

- To give further practice with the past continuous.

- To help Ss ask and answer the questions using the past continuous.

**Task 1. Complete the sentences by putting the verbs in brackets into the past continuous. (7 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs and do the exercise.

- Ss do the exercise, then compare their answers with an other pair.

- Teacher invites some Ss to share their answers.

- Teacher confirms the correct answers.

Answer key:

1. were helping

2. was snowing

3. was working

4. were … doing, was watching

5. were … crying

**Task 2. Circle the correct answer to complete each sentence. (5 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to work individually and do the exercise.

- Teacher asks Ss to compare their answers with a partner.

- Ss discuss with their friends if there are any differences between their answers.

- Teacher checks students’ answers as a class.

- Teacher confirms the correct answers.

Answer key:

1. donated

2. were you doing, was sleeping

3. were camping, came

4. ran, moved

5. wasn’t reading, was watching

 **Task 3. Look at the picture and write what each person in Lan’s family was doing when the earthquake happened. Use the given word and phrases from the box. (5 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss who they can see in the picture and what they are doing.

- Teacher describes the situation to Ss and asks them to describe the actions of the people in the picture, using the past continuous and the words/ phrases given in the box.

- Teacher has Ss do this exercise individually and then compare their answers with another classmate’s.

- Teacher invites some Ss to write their answers on the board.

- Teacher checks the answers with the whole class and confirms the correct answers.

Answer key:

1. Lan’s grandparents were watching TV.

2. Lan’s/ Her mother was reading a book.

3. Lan’s/ Her father was drinking tea.

4. Lan was talking on the phone.

5. Lan’s/ Her brother was drawing.

**Task 4. Form questions using the past continuous. Then in pairs, ask and answer the questions. (5 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to read the example carefully and explains what they have to do.

- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs to do this activity. They make questions and then practise asking and answering.

- Teacher invites some pairs to ask and answer the question in front of the class.

- Teacher comments on their answers and accepts different answers provided that they are correct and logical.

**Answer key:**

1. Were you having dinner at 7 o’clock yesterday evening?

2. Were you doing your homework at 8 o’clock yesterday evening?

3. Were you watching a film at 9 o’clock yesterday evening?IV. POST-STAGE

**IV.PRODUCTION:**

Aim: To help students practise the past continuous via a game.

**Task 5. Work in groups. Take turns to say a sentence that describes what each person in the picture was doing. (7 mins)**

- Teacher divides Ss into groups and assigns a group leader to keep watch of the game.

- Teacher explains the rule of the game:

The picture shows a class at break time. Now work in groups. Look at the picture for one minute. Take turns to say a sentence that describes what each person in the picture was doing. You score one point for every correct sentence. The student with the highest score in each group wins.

- Teacher has groups play the game in about 3-5 minutes.

- Teacher invites some groups to perform the game in front of the whole class and comments on their performance.

***Suggested answers:***

- Mai was reading.

- Phong and Nick were playing chess.

- Lan and Ann were singing.

- Nam was cleaning the board.

- Mi and Ha were talking.

**V. WRAP UP**

**Aim:** To consolidate what Ss have learnt in the lesson.

- Summarise the main points of the lesson.

- Ss can distinguish the past simple and the past contiuous; furthet practice the past continuous through different exercises.

**VI. HOMEWORK**

- Make 3 sentences with the past contiuous

- Complete the exercises in the Workbook.

- Prepare the lesson: Unit 9: Communication

**VII. FEEDBACK**

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| **Week: 24****Period: 72** | **UNIT 9: NATURAL DISASTERS****Lesson 4: Communication** | **T: 9/3/2024** |

**A. OBJECTIVES**

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

**1. Knowledge:**

- Use the lexical items related to natural disasters.

- Practise giving and responding to bad news.

**2. Core competence:**

- Develop communication skills and creativity

- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

- Actively join in class activities

**3. Personal qualities**

- Develop awareness of *Natural disasters.*

- Be concerned to *Natural disasters.*

**B.TEACHING AIDS**

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**C. PROCEDURES**

**I. WARM-UP**

**Aims:** - To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson.

- To lead into the new lesson.

**Answer the questions**

- Teacher show a picture about one disaster.

- Teacher asks Ss to work individually and answer the questions.

- Teacher invites some Ss to talk in front of the class.

- Teacher comments on their answers and leads to the new lesson.



1. What do you see in the picture?

2. How do you feel?

**II. PRE-STAGE:**

**Aims**- To introduce the new words related to natural disasters.

- To help Ss understand more clearly the meaning of some words.

- To help Ss use the words in specific contexts.

- To introduce ways of giving and responding to bad news.

- To help Ss practise giving and responding to bad news.

- Teacher introduces the vocabulary.

- Teacher explains the meaning of the new vocabulary, using pictures and translation.

**New words:**

1. Shake (v) rung lắc

2. Fahrenheit (n)

3. Richter scale (n)

- Teacher checks students’ understanding with the “***What and where?***” technique.

**Task 1. Listen and read the dialogue below. Pay attention to the highlighted sentences.**

**(6 mins)**

- Teacher plays the recording for Ss to listen and read the dialogue between Mark and Phong.

- Teacher asks Ss to pay attention to the highlighted sentences and tells them that these are two ways to give and respond to bad news.

- Teacher has Ss practise the dialogue in pairs.

- Teacher calls on some Ss to practise the dialogue in front of the class. Mark: Phong, why are you so sad?

Phong: My grandparents called this morning. A flood destroyed their house.

Mark: I’m sorry to hear that.

Phong: It also damaged all of their crops.

Mark: That’s awful. I hope your grandparents are safe.

**Task 2. Work in pairs. Practise giving and responding to bad news in the following situations. (7 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs to read the given situations and make similar dialogues, using the language they have learnt.

- Ss use the language and make similar dialogues.

- Teacher moves around to observe and provides help.

- Teacher calls on some pairs to practise in front of the class.

- Teacher comments on their performance. Situations:

– You have a friend in a mountainous area. A landslide destroyed his family’s garden yesterday. You share this news with your classmate.

– You hear that a big earthquake hit a city. You share this news with your classmate.

**III. DURING-STAGE**

**Aims:** - To help Ss identify the natural disasters described in the short texts.

**Task 3. Read the short passages below. Decide which natural disaster each person below is talking about. (6 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs to read the three short texts and decide what natural disaster each person is talking about.

- Teacher asks Ss to prepare an explanation for their answers.

- Teacher elicits answers from Ss.

- Teacher confirms the correct answers.

**Answer key:**

Nam: landslide

Ann: tornado

Tom: earthquake

**IV. POST-STAGE**

**Aim:** - To check Ss’ knowledge of different natural disasters via a questionnaire.

 - To provide Ss with a chance to communicate with each other and confirm their knowledge of natural disasters.

**Task 4. Choose the correct answer to each question to see how much you know about natural disasters. (7 mins)**

- Teacher tells Ss that they are going to answer a questionnaire to see how much they know about natural disasters.

- Teacher has Ss read through the questionnaire quickly and explain any new words.

- Teacher asks Ss to answer the questions individually.

**Answer key:**

1. A

2. B

3. C

4. B

5. C

6. A

**Task 5. Work in pairs. Compare your answers. Then check your answers with the key on page 101. How many points did each of you get?. (5 mins)**

- Teacher asks Ss to work in pairs to compare their answers.

- Teacher asks Ss to note down the answers and then check them with the key on page 101.

- Teacher has Ss calculate the points each of them earns.

- Teacher asks some Ss to report their answers and points to the class.

**V. WRAP-UP:**

**Aim**: To consolidate what Ss have learnt in the lesson.

- Have Ss say what they have learnt in the lesson.

**VI. HOMEWORK:**

- Do the exercises in SPEAKING in the Workbook.

- To prepare for the next lesson.’ Skills 1’

- Brainstorm to prepare for the project

**VII. FEEDBACK:**

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